

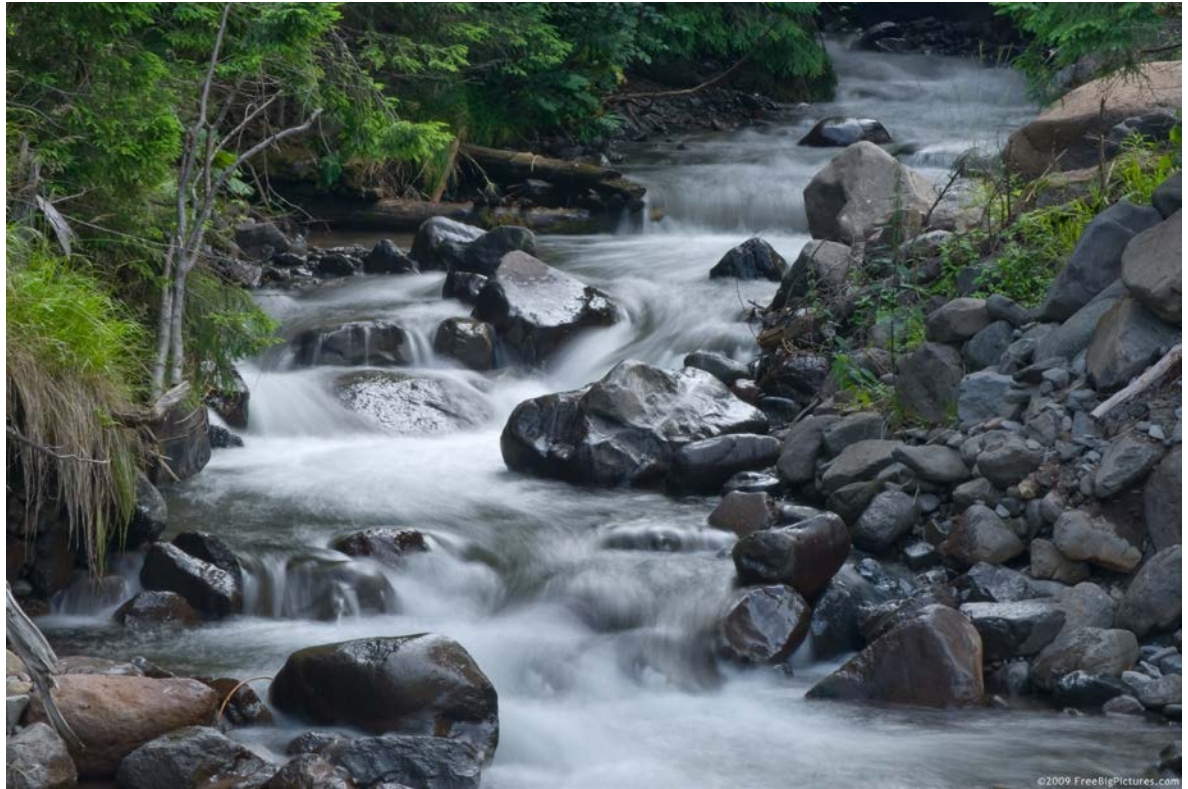


# Using Biological Indicators to Assess Water Quality of Freshwater Streams

**Dessie L. A. Underwood**, Director  
Stream Ecology and Assessment Laboratory

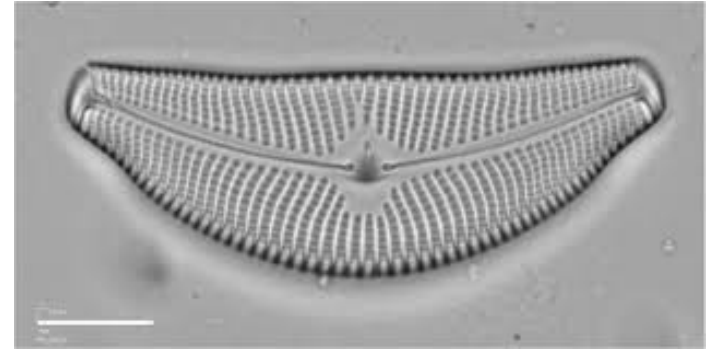
Interim Associate Dean for Research  
College of Natural Sciences and Mathematics  
California State University Long Beach

# Water Quality



# Assessing Water Quality

- Chemical analyses
- Biotic analyses
  - Microbes
  - Periphyton
  - Fish
  - Benthic Macroinvertebrates (BMIs)



# Added Value of Biotic Measures

- Many BMIs are long-lived in the water and interact with the surrounding riparian habitat as adults
- Biological indicators of current and recent past impacts on a stream system
- Impacts upstream may be detected in the downstream BMI community



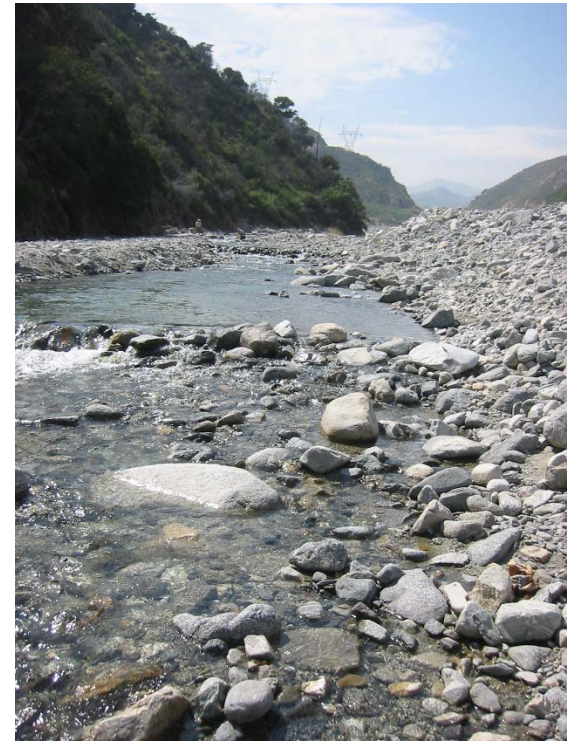


# BMI as Bioindicators

- Many organisms are sensitive to specific impacts
  - The presence or absence of certain organisms indicates specific conditions
- Complexity of the BMI community indicates the temporal stability of stream health
  - Trophic relationships
- A change in the BMI community over time implies a change within the system
- While we cannot measure every possible stressor, the state of the BMI community can act as the first alarm when stream health declines.

# Southern California Index of Biotic Integrity (IBI)

- Ode et al. 2005
- Based on 275 sites in Southern California Ecoregions 6 & 8
- Based on 500 count of BMIs
- Screened 61 candidate metrics
- Identified seven metrics for inclusion in the IBI

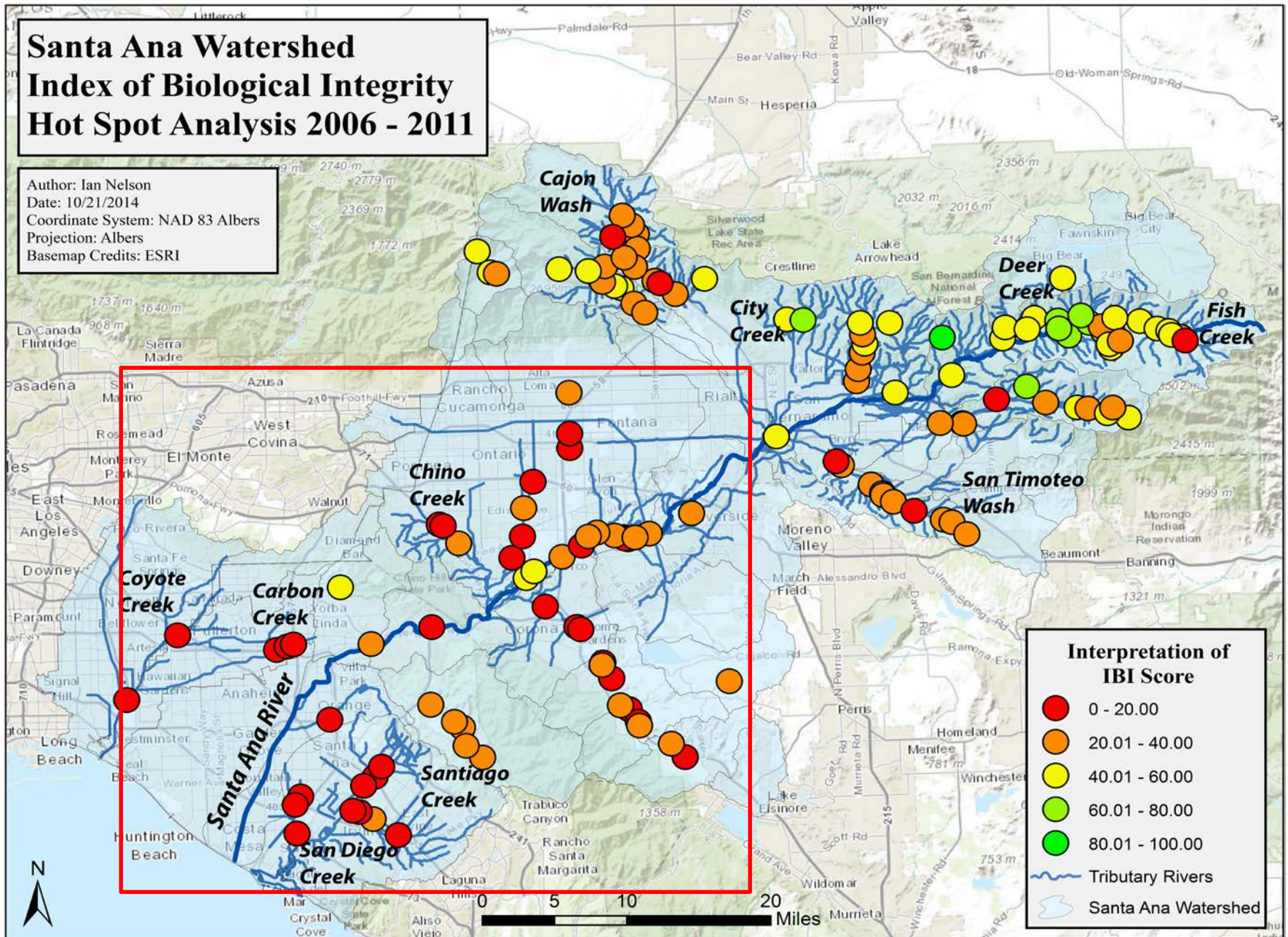


# BMI's



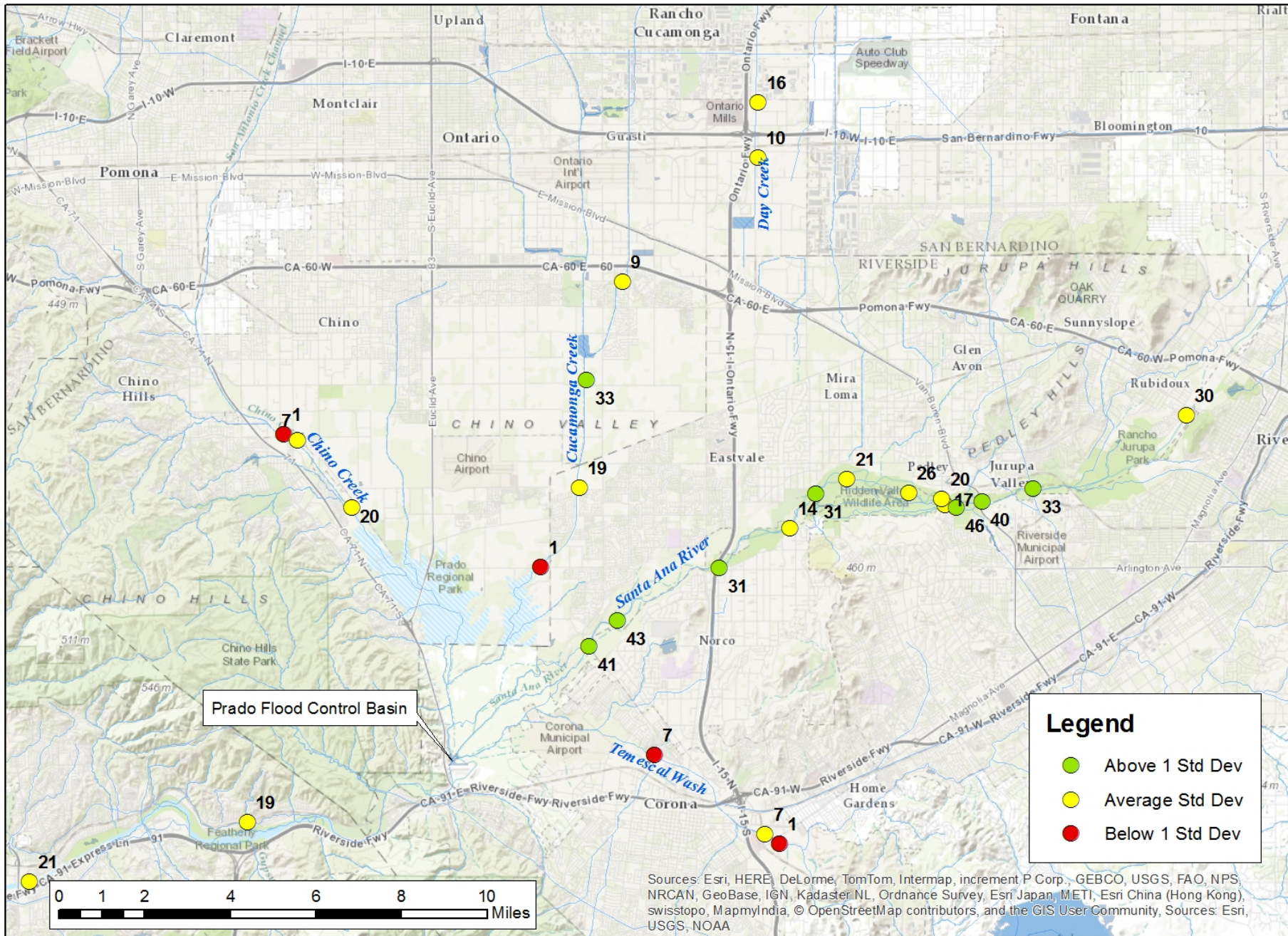
# Santa Ana Watershed Index of Biological Integrity Hot Spot Analysis 2006 - 2011

Author: Ian Nelson  
Date: 10/21/2014  
Coordinate System: NAD 83 Albers  
Projection: Albers  
Basemap Credits: ESRI



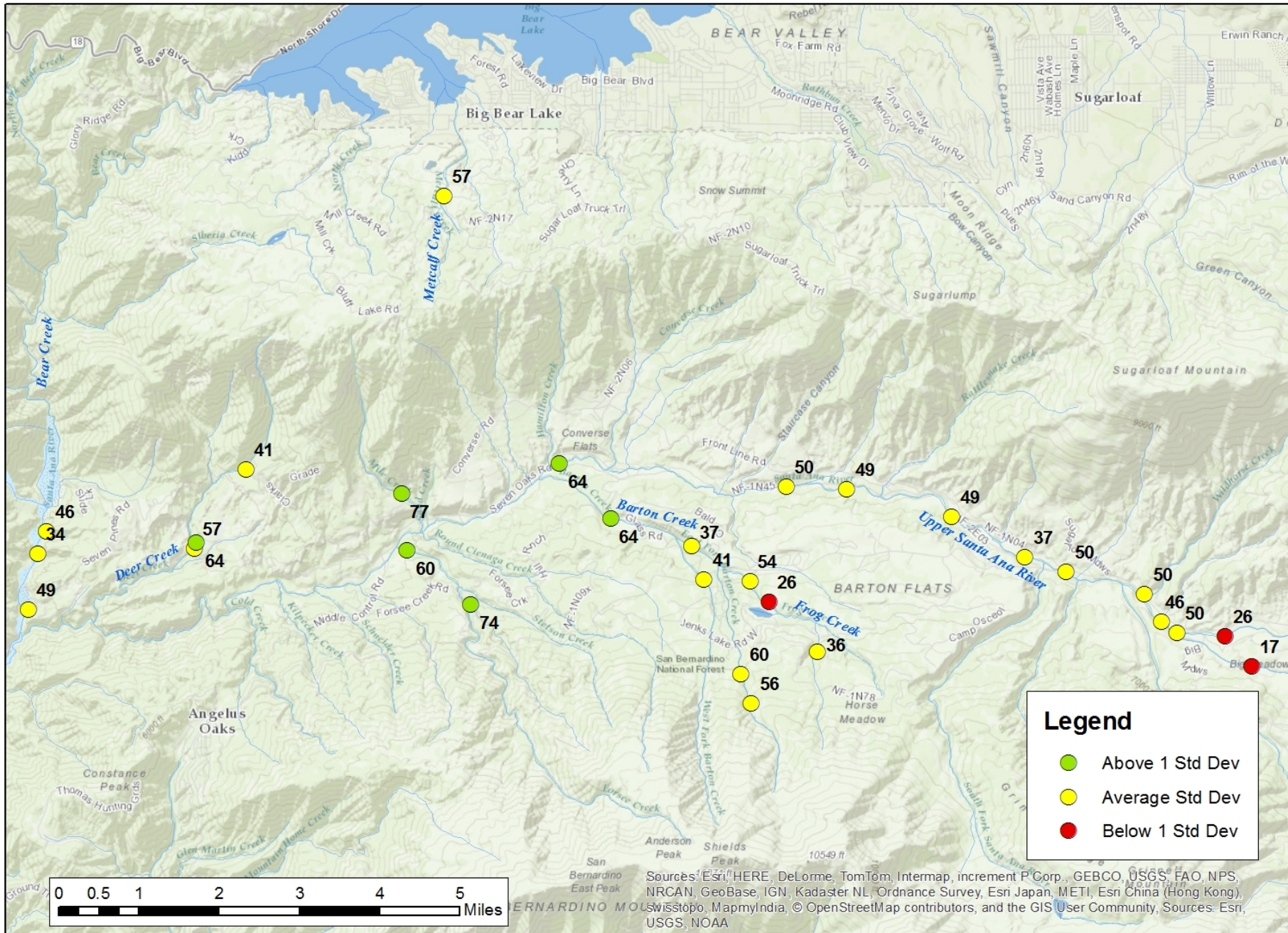


# Adjusted IBI Scores Upstream of Prado Flood Control Basin (2006-2011)

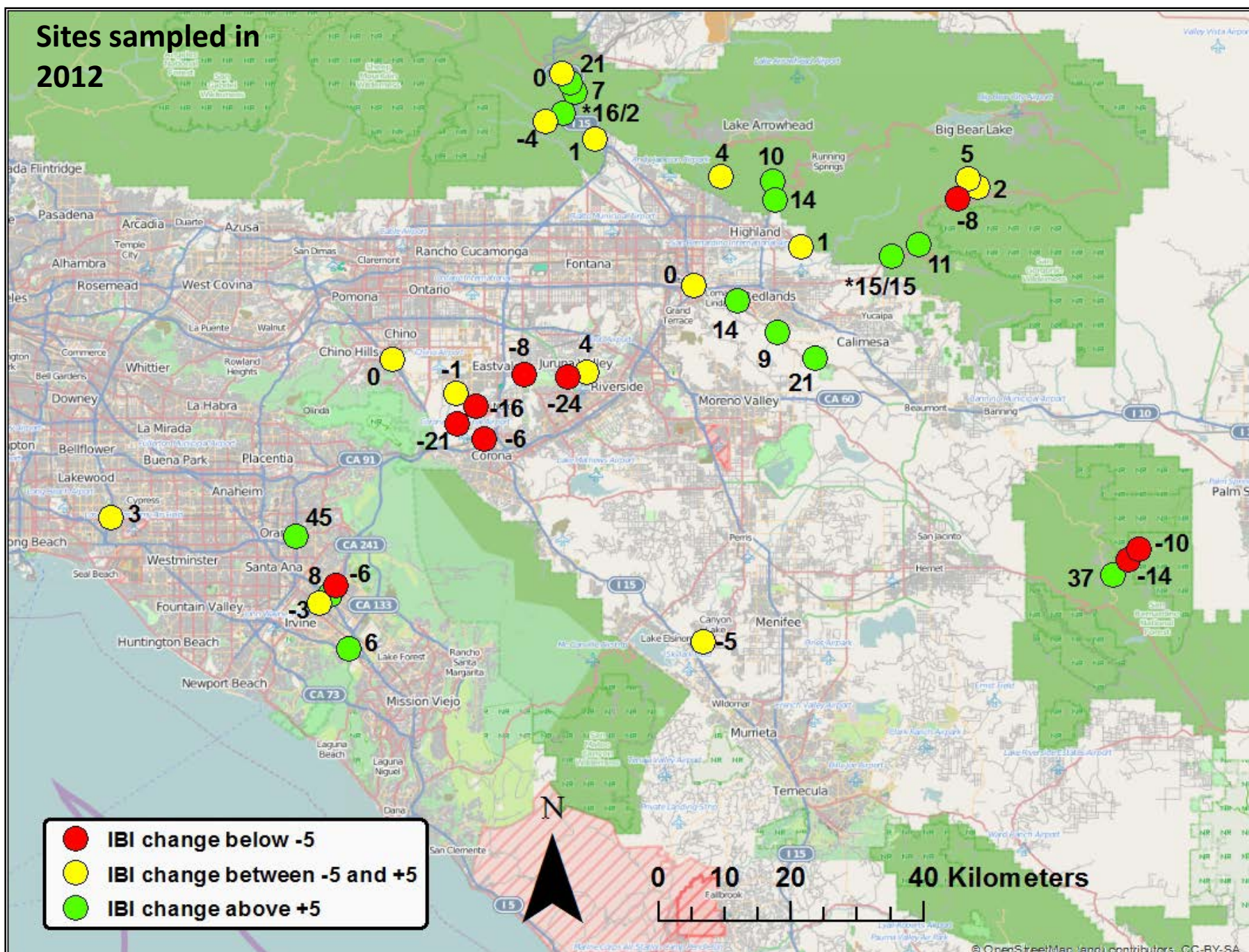


Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community, Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA

# Adjusted IBI Scores in the Upper Santa Ana River Watershed (2006-2011)



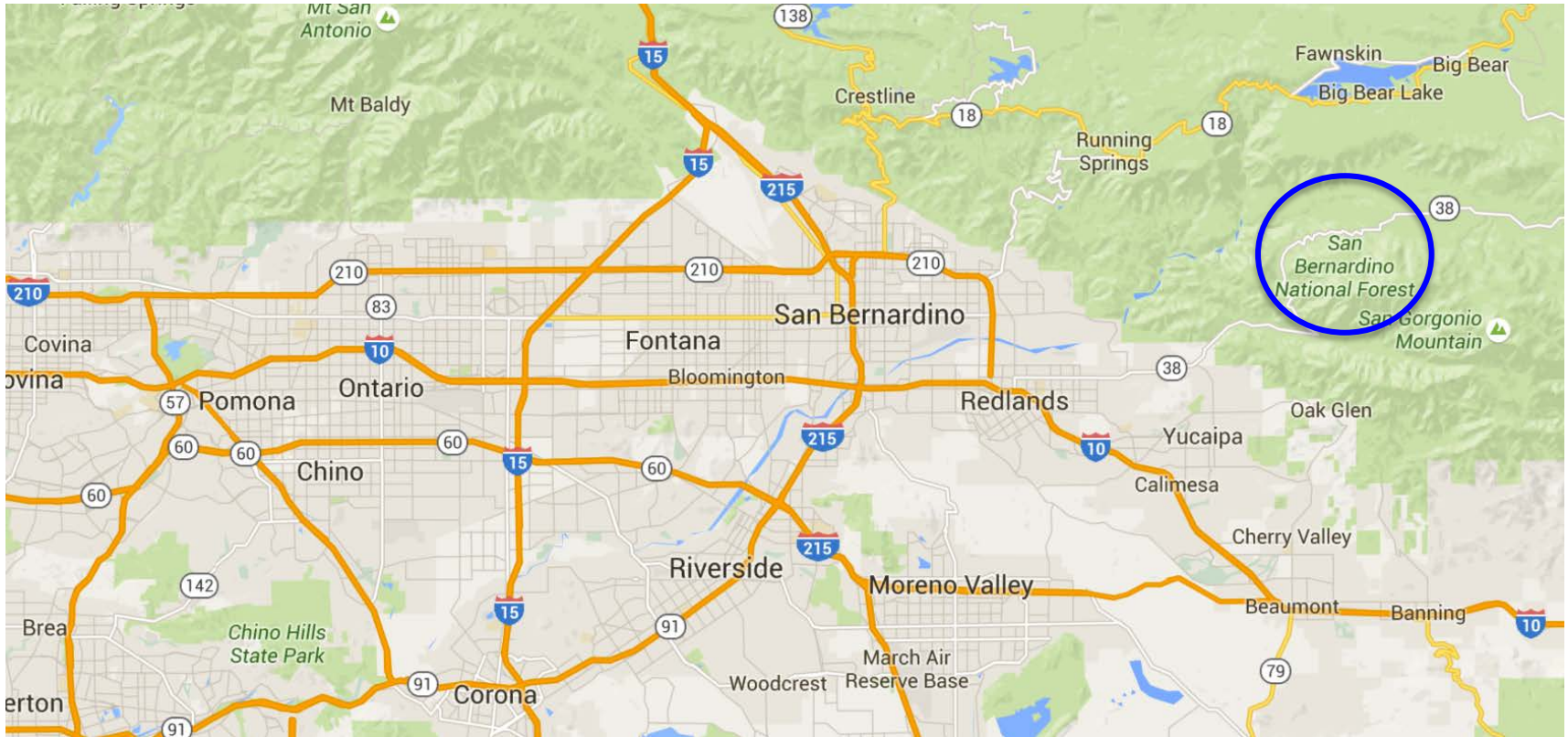
# Sites sampled in 2012



- IBI change below -5
- IBI change between -5 and +5
- IBI change above +5



# Cold Creek



# Cold Creek Fuel Spill

- Cold Creek a small tributary of the Santa Ana River
- Relatively large spill, April 2013
  - 6,435 liters of diesel fuel and 14,558 liters of gasoline spilled into Cold Creek
- Clean-up response 24 hours after the spill
- Bioassessment contracted to the Stream Ecology and Assessment Laboratory at CSULB, Nov 2013

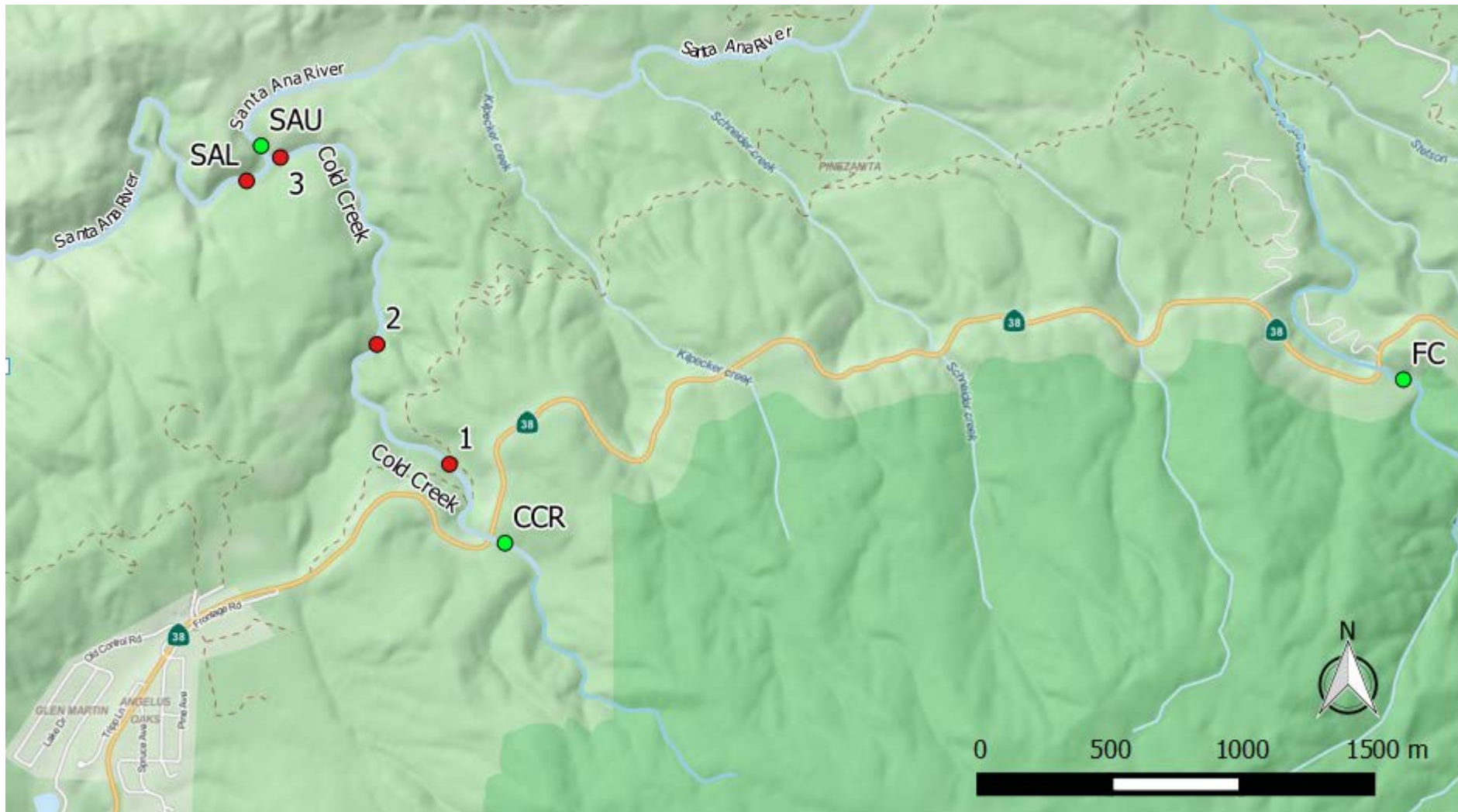


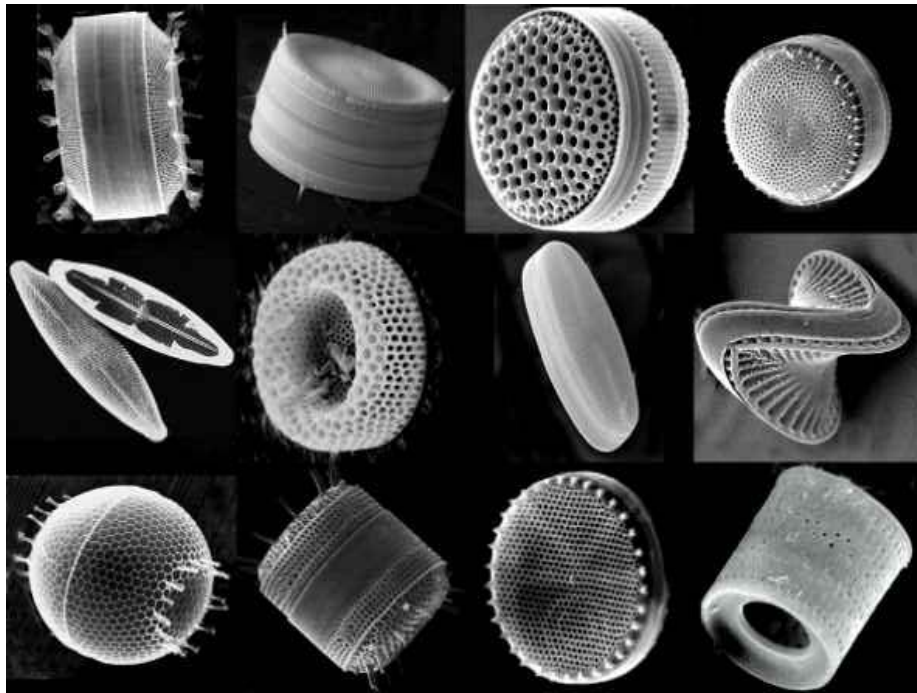
# Clean-up efforts

- Containment dams with absorbent booms and pads
  - 0.2, 0.4, and 1.2 km downstream from the spill site
- Flushing of diesel and gasoline from the creek bed into containment dams
- Vacuuming of diesel and gasoline at the first containment dam
- Absorbent booms and pads changed out at the lower two containment dams



# Cold Creek Sampling Design





# Biological Indicators

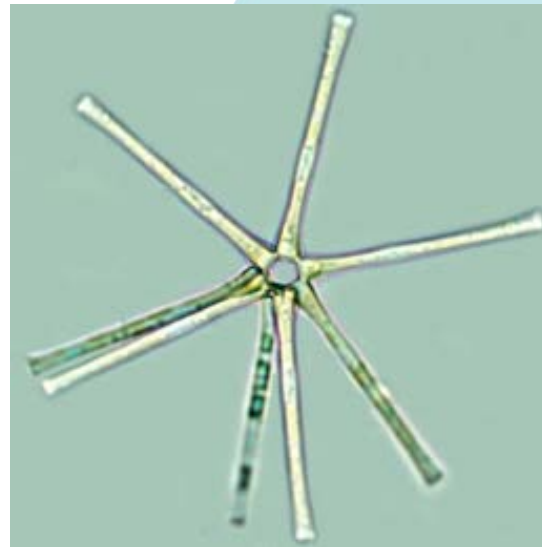
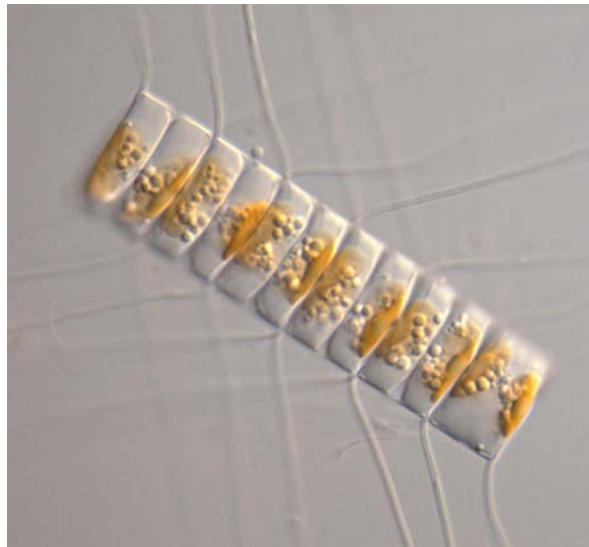
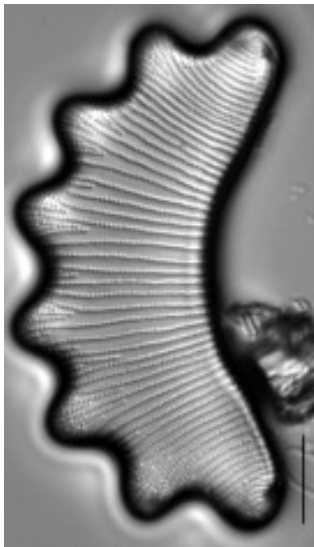
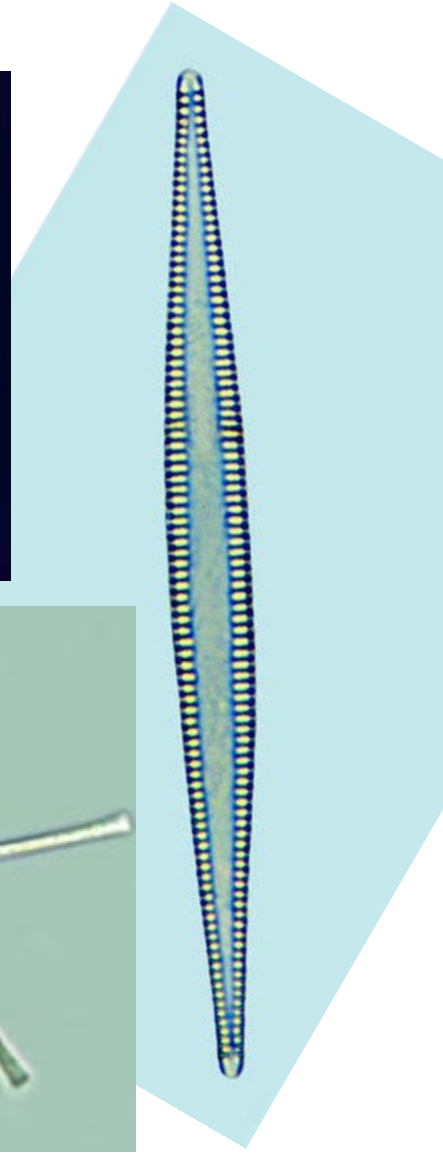
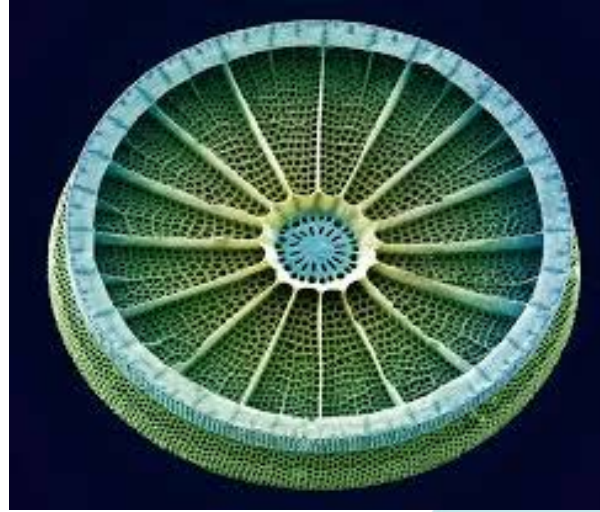
Diatoms

Benthic  
Macroinvertebrates  
(BMIs)





# Diatoms!!



# Diatomaceous Earth

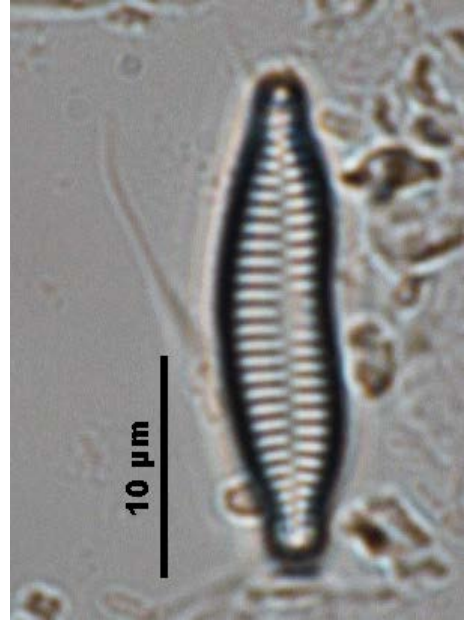
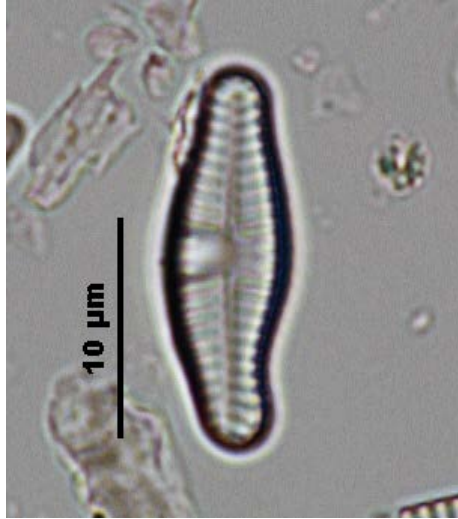
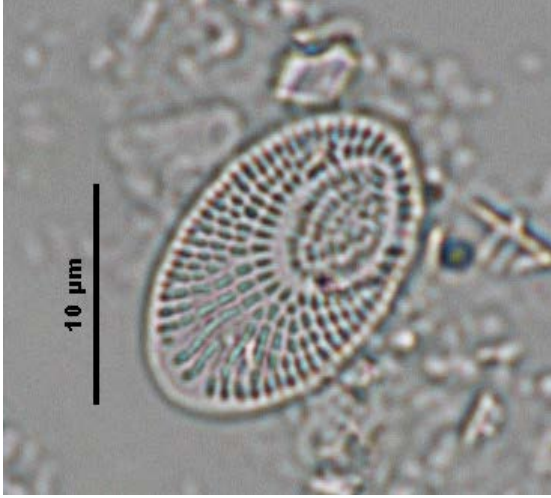
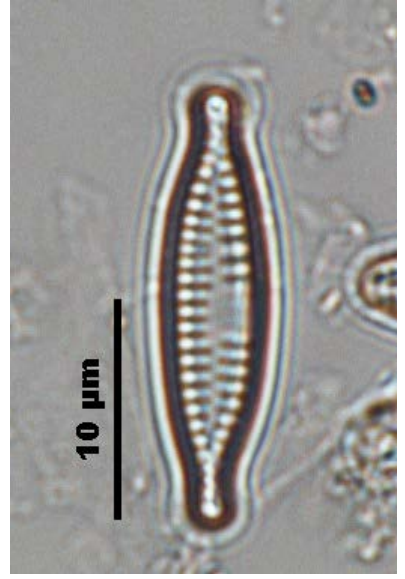
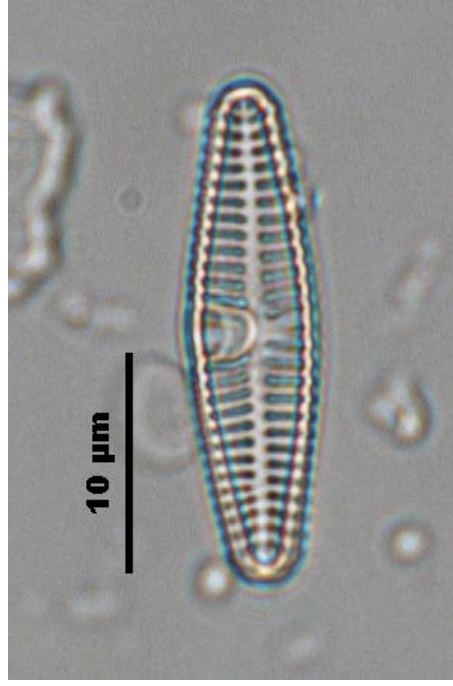
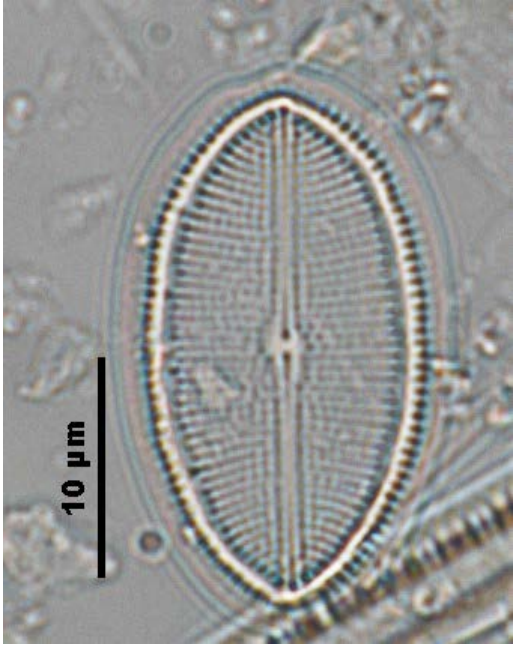


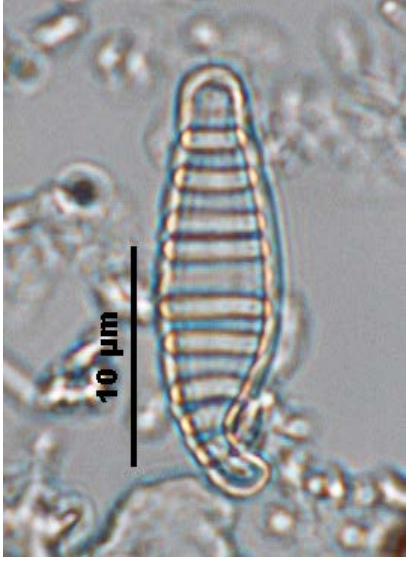
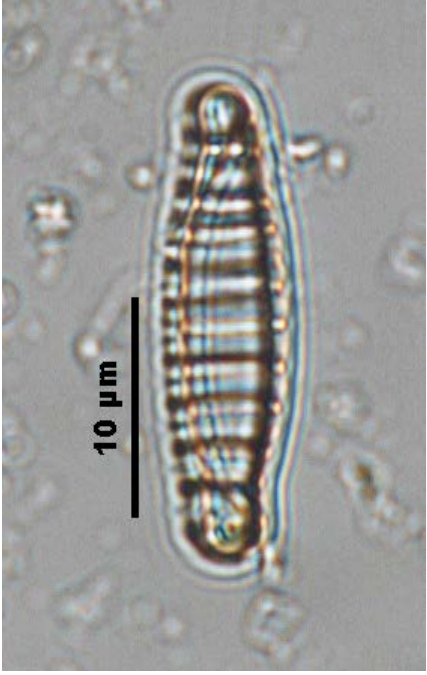
everything you need to know about

## DIATOMACEOUS EARTH

[www.theprairiehomestead.com](http://www.theprairiehomestead.com)

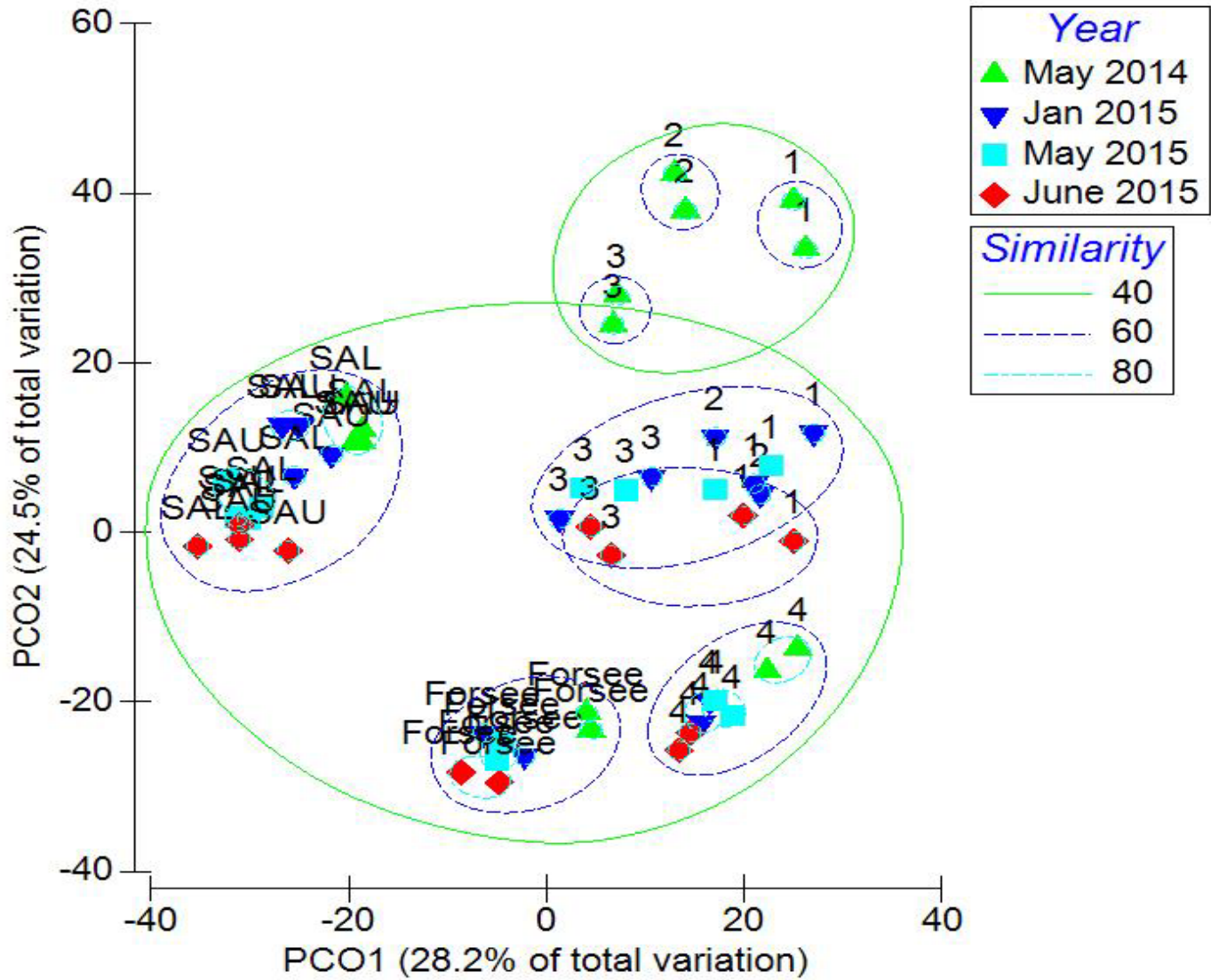






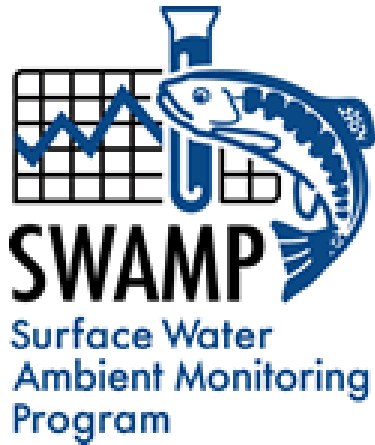
# Diatoms SA

Standardise Samples by Total  
Transform: Square root  
Resemblance: S17 Bray Curtis similarity





# Acknowledgements



**Maryanne Horton and Raquel Santos (CNSM)**

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Jose Caprile, Fritz Rieman

Undergraduate Students

Sergio Mendoza, Brina Kamae

**Heather Boyd**, Santa Ana Regional Water Quality

Control Board



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Table 3. Scoring ranges for seven component metrics in the SoCal B-IBI

Metric score	Coleoptera taxa (all sites)	EPT taxa		Predator taxa (all sites)	% Collector individuals		% Intolerant individuals		% Noninsect taxa (all sites)	% Tolerant taxa (all sites)
		6	8		6	8	6	8		
10	>5	>17	>18	>12	0-59	0-39	25-100	42-100	0-8	0-4
9		16-17	17-18	12	60-63	40-46	23-24	37-41	9-12	5-8
8	5	15	16	11	64-67	47-52	21-22	32-36	13-17	9-12
7	4	13-14	14-15	10	68-71	53-58	19-20	27-31	18-21	13-16
6		11-12	13	9	72-75	59-64	16-18	23-26	22-25	17-19
5	3	9-10	11-12	8	76-80	65-70	13-15	19-22	26-29	20-22
4	2	7-8	10	7	81-84	71-76	10-12	14-18	30-34	23-25
3		5-6	8-9	6	85-88	77-82	7-9	10-13	35-38	26-29
2	1	4	7	5	89-92	83-88	4-6	6-9	39-42	30-33
1		2-3	5-6	4	93-96	89-94	1-3	2-5	43-46	34-37
0	0	0-1	0-4	0-3	97-100	95-100	0	0-1	47-100	38-100

Note: Three metrics have separate scoring ranges for the two Omernik Level III ecoregions in southern coastal California region (6 = chaparral and oak woodlands, 8 = Southern California mountains).

Example for a site in Ecoregion 6

Coleoptera	EPT	Predator	%Collectors	%Intolerant	%Noninsect	%Tolerant
5	11	7	89	7	7	2
8	6	4	2	3	10	10

These individual metric scores are summed = 43.  
 This value is out of 70 and represents the raw score.  
 The raw scored is adjusted to a value between 0 and 100.  $43 \times 10/7 = 61$



# Bray-Curtis Similarity Indices

$$S = 100 \left( 1 - \frac{\sum |y_{i1} - y_{i2}|}{\sum y_{i1} + \sum y_{i2}} \right)$$

	Site 1	Site 2	Site 3
Sp. A	10	10	10
Sp. B	50	5	5
Sp. C	3	30	0
Sp. D	1	40	1
Sp. E	7	70	0

	Site 1	Site 2	abs (y1-y2)	
Sp. A	10	10	0	
Sp. B	50	5	45	
Sp. C	3	30	27	
Sp. D	1	40	39	
Sp. E	7	70	63	
sumYi	71	155	174	23.01

	Site 1	Site 2
Site 2	23.01	
Site 3	36.78	18.71